

IMAS

Innovative Marine Antifouling Solutions for High Value Applications

A Collaborative Research Program





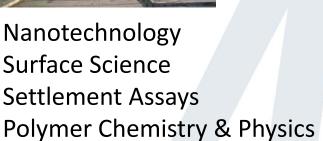








Institute of Materials Research and Engineering (IMRE)







Institute of Chemical and Engineering Sciences (ICES)

Polymer Synthesis Catalysis Reaction Engineering





Singapore Institute of Manufacturing Technology (SIMTech)





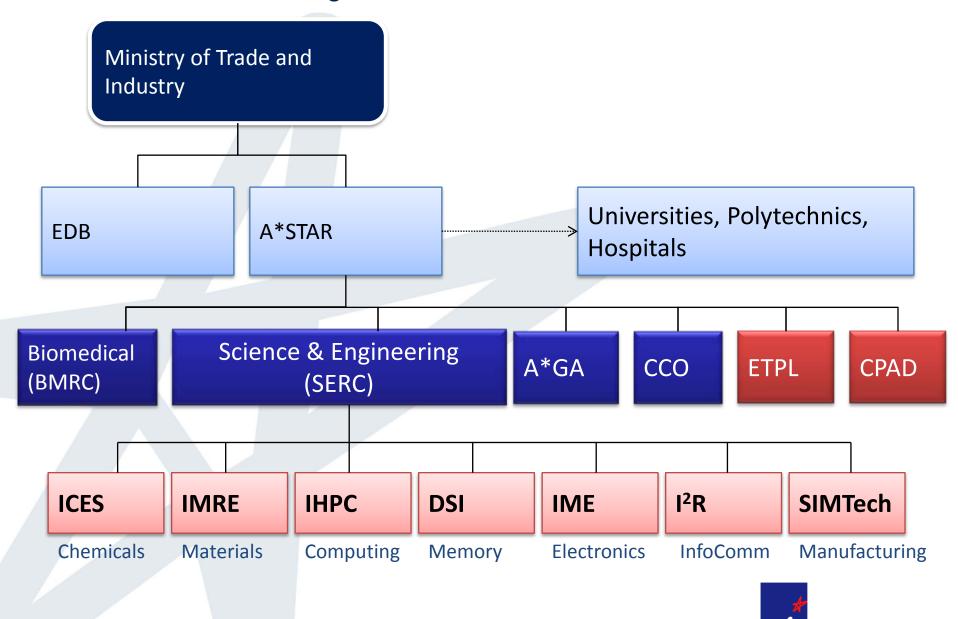


Tropical Marine Science Institute (TMSI)

Antifouling Screening
Settlement Assays of Marine Organisms
Field Tests in Seawater



Organization and Structure of A*STAR



Science and Engineering Research Council

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Innovative Marine Antifouling Solutions for High Value Applications

Participating Researchers:

Senior Scientific Advisor: Prof. G. Julius Vancso (University of Twente; A*STAR)

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IMRE: Dr. Dominik Janczewski (PI)

SIMTech: Dr. Marcin Debowski (PI)

TMSI: Dr. Serena Teo (PI)

Funded by the Science and Engineering Research Council (SERC) of the Agency for Science, Technology and Research (A*STAR)

A collaboration among polymer chemists, material scientists and marine biologists



Marine Biofouling

...is the undesirable accumulation of microorganisms, plants, and animals on the surface of artificial structures immersed in seawater.







Barnacles



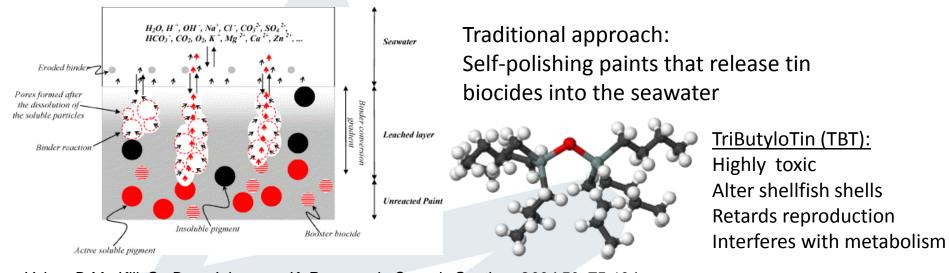
Tubeworms

Marine biofouling incurs economical costs for all maritime industries, resulting in increased fuel costs and mechanical damage.

It is also a vector in the proliferation of invasive species in marine ecosystems.

Given the rapid growth of shipping, the marine offshore and hydroenergy industries, there is a pressing need for efficient and environmentally friendly antifouling solutions.

Existing antifouling Solutions



Yebra, D.M., Kiil, S., Dam-Johansen, K. Progress in Organic Coatings 2004 50, 75-104 © 2004 Elsevier Ltd.

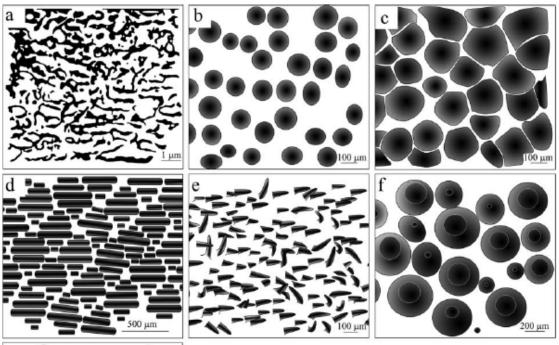
Coatings with tin-based biocides are banned for shipping through the IMO AFS Convention. Singapore has ratified the IMO AFS Convention.

Current technology is based on copper or zinc pigments with organic booster biocides, or low-energy surfaces for moving objects (fouling release).

As biocide technologies are likely to face increasing restrictions, thereby increasing the cost for development, environmentally benign technologies without the use of biocides are highly desirable.

The IMAS program targets high-value, small underwater structures with a new, biocide-free approach to prevent biofouling.

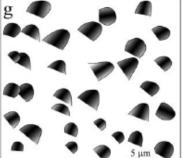
Pre-existing biomimicking surface topologies



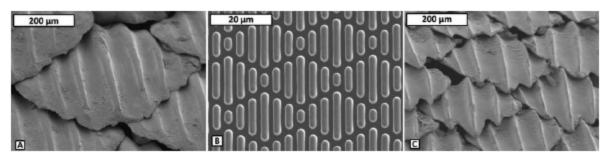
a Pilot whale (Baum et al. 2002) b, c Sea stars (Guenther and de Nys 2007),

d Galapagos shark (Bechert et al. 2000) e Yellowfin leatherjacket (Wang et al. 2009)

f, g Crab carapace (Bers and Wahl 2004).



A. J. Scardino, R. Nys, Biofouling 2011 27, 1, 73-86 © 2011 Taylor& Francis.



Sharklet Technologies™













Innovative Marine Antifouling Solutions for High Value Applications

Approach:

Quantify bio-response of marine organisms & their molecular-level interactions with surfaces

Strategy:

Biomimetic surfaces
Surface topological patterning
Surface chemistry
Surface mechanical performance

Marine organisms:

exploration/settlement of barnacles, tubeworms and other foulers

AFM protein investigations:

profilometry of deposited footprint protein adhesion force of single protein molecule

Patterning

hot embossing polymer casting

Polymer Synthesis:

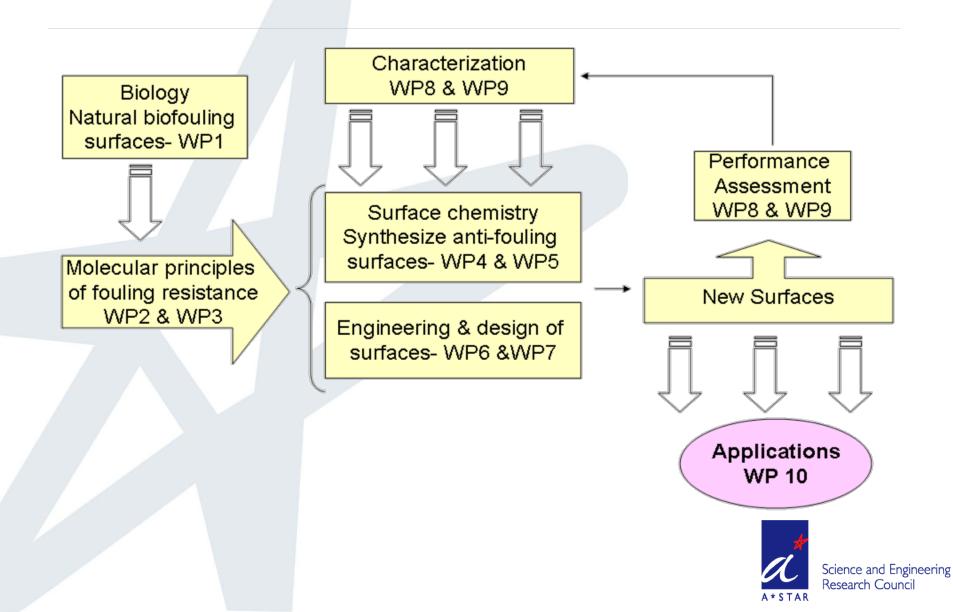
controlled polymerization synthesis of polymeric brushes



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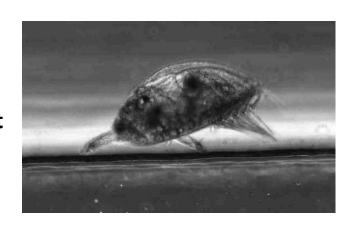
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Contact information

We welcome industry collaborators to take part in the IMAS programme



For further information please contact us at:

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